# PAKER, Merve KESKIN, et al., 2023 Abstract

## The Effectiveness Of PFMT, BF And TTNS In OAB

#### Objective

The study aimed to comparatively assess the effectiveness of pelvic floor muscle training (PFMT), **biofeedback (BF)**, and **transcutaneous tibial nerve stimulation** (**TTNS**) treatments in overactive bladder (OAB) patients.

## Results

The overall effectiveness of the conservative treatments was determined to be similar an are economical, non-invasive, easily applicable, and have high patient compliance rates, fewer side effects, and positive outcomes.

The results of the study found that combinations including **BF** and **TTNS** can improve frequent urination and urge symptoms. In the selection process, conservative treatment methods should be personalised.

## **Participants and Researchers**

Patients aged between 18 and 70 were include in the study, with 98 women diagnosed with urge urinary incontinence (UUI) taking part.

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#### Methods

The patients were randomly divided into three groups, 32 patients in Group 1, using PFMT; 32 in Group 2 using PFMT and **BF**; and 34 patients in Group 3 using PFMT and **TTNS**. Physiotherapy was applied to all three groups before and after their treatments. In Group 1 PFMT exercises consisted of outpatient sessions and home training twice a week for 12 weeks.

In Group 2 **biofeedback** was applied using the **NeuroTrac MyoPlus4 Pro** (Verity Medical) device. **BF** treatment was performed on the patients three times a week for 12 weeks with a 20-minute program in each session.

The **NeuroTrac MyoPlus4 Pro** was also used for **transcutaneous tibial nerve stimulation (TTNS)** treatments in patients in Group 3. Patients in Groups 2 and 3 were additionally asked to carry out PFMT at home.

The full abstract can be found at

https://www.jcog.com.tr/article/en-comparison-of-the-effectiveness-of-pelvic-floormuscle-training-biofeedback-and-tibial-nerve-stimulation-in-overactive-bladder-syndr ome-a-prospective-randomized-controlled-study-105594.html